

References

S-184

1. Levey R, Dunayevich E. Gender dysphoria. *Medscape*. 2013.
2. Gooren L, Snyder P, Martin, K, et al. Transsexualism: Epidemiology, pathophysiology, and diagnosis. *UpToDate*. 2013.
3. Heino R, Sumia M, Tyolajarvi M, et al. Two years of gender identity service for minors: Overrepresentation of natal girls with severe problems in adolescent development. *Child Adolesc Psychiatry Ment Health*. 2015;9:9.
4. Bockting W, Miner M, Romine R, et al. Stigma, mental health, and resilience in an online sample of the US transgender population. *Am J Public Health*. 2013;103(5):943–951.
5. Hess J, Neto RR, Panic L, et al. Satisfaction with male-to-female gender reassignment surgery. *Dtsch Arztebl Int*. 2014;111(47):795–801.
6. Garcia M, Nim C, De Luca F, et al. Overall satisfaction, sexual function, and the durability of neophallus dimensions following staged female to male genital gender confirming surgery: The Institute of Urology, London U.K. experience. *Transl Androl Urol*. 2014;3(2):156-162.
7. Bartolucci C, Gil E, Salamero M, et al. Sexual quality of life in gender-dysphoric adults before genital sex reassignment surgery. *J Sex Med*. 2015;12:180–188.
8. American Psychiatric Association. Gender dysphoria – DSM5. 2013.
9. Center of excellence for transgender health, department of family and community medicine, university of California San Francisco. Guidelines for the primary and gender-affirming care of transgender and gender nonbinary people; 2nd edition. Deutsch MB, ed. 2016.
10. TransHealth-2013.